## **EXHIBIT A**

## CLAIMS AS THEY WILL BE PENDING UPON ENTRY OF THE AMENDMENT OF DECEMBER 5, 2002 IN U.S. PATENT APPLICATION NO. 09/724,416

- 1. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle which comprises an respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing at least one functional deletion in a viral accessory gene.
- 2. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing an M2-2 gene mutation.
- 3. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing an SH gene mutation.
- 4. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing an NS1 gene mutation.
- 5. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing an NS2 gene mutation.
- 6. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing both an M2-2 gene mutation and an SH gene mutation.
- 7. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing both an M2-2 gene mutation and an NS1 gene mutation.

- 8. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing both an M2-2 gene mutation and an NS2 gene mutation.
- 9. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing both an NS1 gene mutation and an NS2 gene mutation.
- 10. An iso inted infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing both an NS1 gene mutation and an SH gene mutation.
- 11. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing both an NS2 gene mutation and an SH gene mutation.
- 12. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing an NS1 gene mutation, an NS2 gene mutation and an SH gene mutation.
- 13. An isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle having an attenuated phenotype comprising a respiratory syncytial virus antigenome or genome containing an M2-1 gene mutation.
- 14. The isolated infectious respiratory syncytial virus particle of Claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 or 13 which further comprises a heterologous sequence.
- 15. The recombinant RNA molecule of Claim 14 in which the heterologous sequence is derived from the genome of another strain of respiratory syncytial virus.
- 16. The recombinant RNA molecule of Claim 14 in which the heterologous sequence is derived from the genome of a virus other than respiratory syncytial virus.

- 17. A vaccine comprising a respiratory syncytial virus, the genome of which contains the reverse complement of an mRNA coding sequence operatively linked to a polymerase binding site of a respiratory syncytial virus, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 18. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of the complete M2-2 gene.
- 19. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a mutagenized M2-1 gene.
- 20. The vaccine of Claim 19 in which the M2-1 gene is mutagenized by cysteine scanning mutagenesis.
- 21. The vaccine of Claim 19 in which the M2-1 gene is mutagenized by C-terminal truncation of the M2-1 protein.
- 22. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of the complete SH gene.
- 23. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of the complete M2-2 gene.
- 24. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of the complete NS1 gene.
- 25. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of the complete NS2 gene.
- 26. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of both the complete M2-2 gene and the complete SH gene.

2

- 27. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of both the complete M2-2 gene and the complete NS1 gene.
- 28. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of both the complete M2-2 gene and the complete NS2 gene.
  - 29. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of both the complete NS1 gene and the complete NS2 gene.
  - 30. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of both the complete M2-2 gene and the complete SH gene.
  - 31. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of both the complete NS1 gene and the complete SH gene.
  - 32. The vaccine of Claim 17 in which the mRNA coding sequence contains a deletion of the complete NS1 gene, the complete NS2 gene and the complete SH gene.
  - 33. The vaccine of Claim 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 or 32 which further comprises a heterologous sequence
  - 34. The vaccine of Claim 33 in which the heterologous gene is derived from the genome of influenza.
  - 35. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the attenuated vaccine of Claim 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 or 29.
  - 36. The vaccine of claim 17, wherein said Respiratory Syncytial Virus is a chimeric virus.
  - 37. The vaccine of claim 17, wherein said mRNA coding sequence encodes G and E genes of both Respiratory Syncytial Virus A and Respiratory Syncytial Virus B.

- 38. A vaccine comprising a chimeric non-segmented negative strand RNA virus, the genome of which contains the reverse complement of an mRNA coding sequence operatively linked to a polymerase binding site of said virus and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 39. The vaccine of claim 38 wherein the non-segmented virus is selected from the members of the Paramyxoviridae family.
- 40. The vaccine of claim 39 wherein the Paramyxoviridae family member is Respiratory Syncytial Virus or parainfluenza.
- 41. (New) The vaccine of claim 17, wherein any one of the eight gene segments of the viral genome is replaced by a heterologous sequence.
- 42. (New) The vaccine of claim 41, wherein the gene segment is completely replaced by the heterologous sequence.
- 43. (New) The vaccine of claim 41, wherein the gene segment is partially replaced by the heterologous sequence.
- 44. (New) The vaccine of claim 41, wherein the gene segment is selected from the group consisting of L, M2-1, M2-2, NS1, NS2, and G.
- 45. (New) The vaccine of claim 41, wherein the gene segment is partially replaced by the heterologous sequence.
- 46. (New) The vaccine of claim 17, wherein the a heterologous sequence is inserted in one of the viral genes.
- 47. (New) The vaccine of claim 46, wherein translation of the heterologous sequence is initiated from an internal ribosome entry site.
  - 48. (New) A vaccine of any one of claims 41-47, wherein the virus is attenuated.